Shifting Gears: From Transport Challenges to Solutions - Airships

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Northern Transportation

Challenges

- Infrastructure Gaps
 - Vast Distances
 - Seasonal Service
- High Freight Rates
 - Thin Markets
 - Few Backhauls
- Harsh Conditions
 - Climate Change
 - Permafrost

Solutions

- Ships
- Barges
- Trucks
- Airplanes
- Helicopters
- Airships

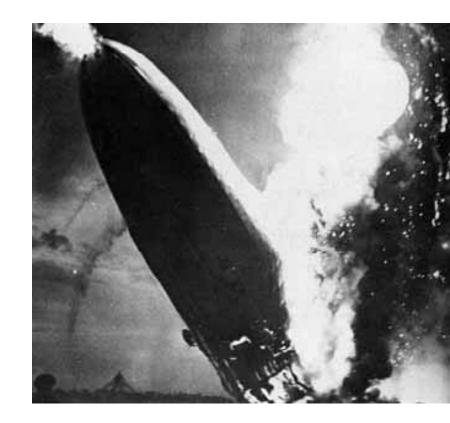




Problems with the Giant Zeppelins

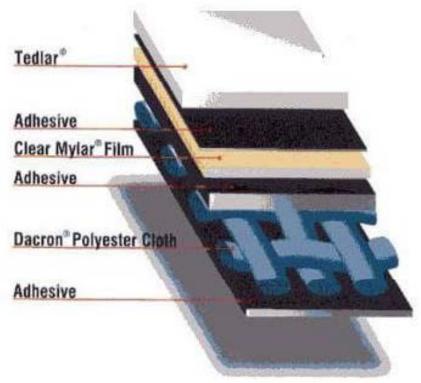
• Materials

- Gas containment
- Structural failure
- Envelope deterioration
- Controllability
 - Large ground crews
 - Engine failure
- Safety
 - Violent storms
 - Hydrogen gas/flammable envelope



Key technological advances applied to Airships

- Robustness:
 - Robust, lightweight envelope materials
 - Carbon fibre composites
- Control:
 - Vectoring engines
 - Modern avionics/hydraulics
- Safety:
 - Computer design tools
 - Nonflammable helium gas
 - Satellite weather information



Tcom envelope material





Airship Options



Hybrid Aircraft

Traditional Airships





Spherical Airships

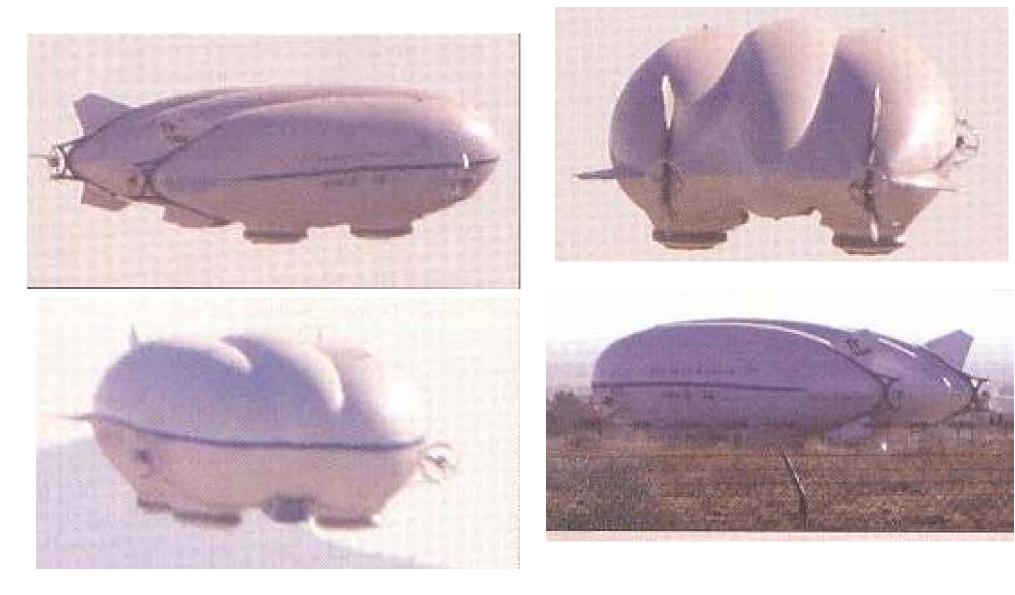


Status of Airship Developers

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Location and Company		Aerostats	LTA Vehicles	Hybrid Vehicles
U.S.:	Lockheed-Martin		design	prototype
	ТСОМ	certified		
	Millennium Airships			design
	World Aeros	certified	prototype	design
	Airship Mgt Services		certified	
	American Blimp Co.		certified	
	Ohio Airships			prototype
Germany:	CargoLifter	testing		
	Zeppelin		certified	
U.K./Italy:	SkyCat		certified	model testing
Canada:	21st Century Airships		prototype	
Russia:	RosAeroSystems	certified	prototype	
Japan:	National Research		testing	
South Kore	ea: National Research		testing	
China:	Vantage Airship Co., Ltd.		certified	
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Lockheed-Martin P-791 Hybrid Airship







Anglo-Roman SkyCat



Ohio Airships: DynaLifter

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CargoLifter







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Quantum Airships

	Marine	Trucks	Airplane	Helicopter	Airships
Freight Cost	Lowest	Medium	High	Very High	Medium
Payload					
Seasonality					
Delivery Speed					
Infrastructure					
Maintenance					
Flexibility of access					
Climate change impact					



	Marine	Trucks	Airplane	Helicopter	Airships
Freight Cost	Lowest	Medium	High	Very High	Medium
Payload	500-25,000 T	20-42 T	1-20 T	1-5 T	5-250 T
Seasonality					
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Infrastructure					
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Seasonality	Summer	Winter only	Year round	Year round	Year round
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Flexibility of access	Limited to coasts/rivers	Limited by roads	Limited by runways	Unlimited	Limited by mountains
Climate change impact					



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Climate change impact	Positive	Negative	Negative	None	None



Airships Make Sense for the North

Market Opportunity

- 1. High margins
- 2. Minimal competition
- 3. Large potential market

Service Characteristics

- 1. Cost competitive with trucks
- 2. Flexibility of helicopters
- 3. Environmental impact of marine
- 4. Service level of airplanes

The North Makes Sense for Airships

Missing Ingredient

• Business Confidence



Missing Ingredient

• Business Confidence

Solutions

- Education
- Demonstrations
- Competitions







ISO Polar Airships

- Not-for-profit Research Institute
- Cold weather testing & certification
- Engineering, Economics & Market analysis
- Business case preparation development
- Demonstrations
- Airships to the Arctic Conferences
- Airship pilot training

Education

APPLICATIONS FOR NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION



TO THE ARCTIC SYM POSIUM

HELD AT WINNIPEG, MANITOBA > DCTOBER 22-24, 2002 TRANSPORT INSTITUTE THE UNIVERSITY OF MANITOBA

> Spassore Transport Canada Manitoba Transportanion & Government Services Wester: Economic Diversification Manitoba Energy, Science & Techrology Manitoba Hydro Southport Aerospace Centre Inc.

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MOVING BEYOND THE **ROADS**

Presented by: The University of Maritoba Transport Institute

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Symposium Sponcors: Tranport Canada amponation & Government Services Western Economic Divenification Manizoba Hydro Manizoba Chambers of Commerce Winninge Airports Auchocity

OCTOBER 21-23, 2003

AIRSHIPS TO THE ARCTIC



SUSTAINABLE NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION

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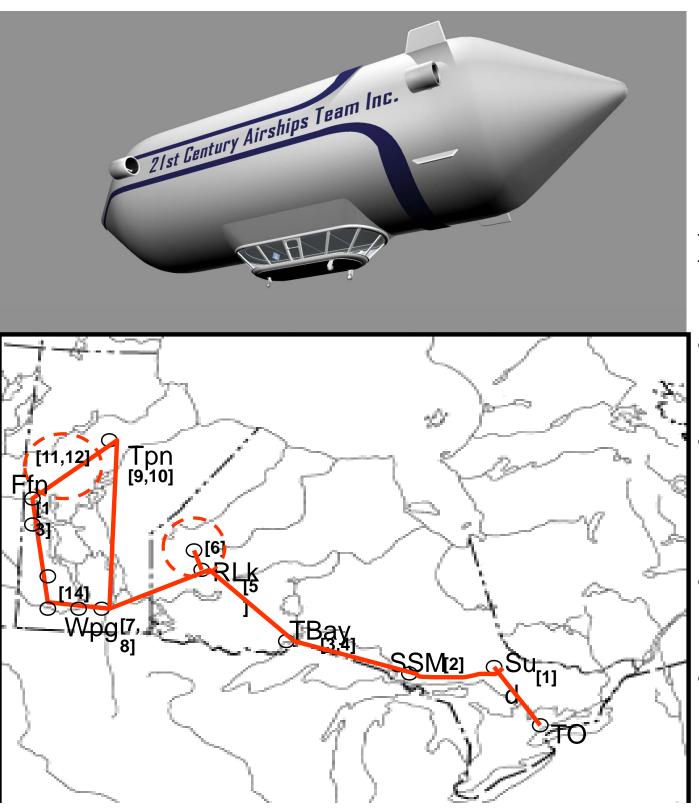
Transport Institute

The University of Manitoba

HELD AT WINNIPEG, MANIFOBA, MAY 31 - JUNE 2, 2005

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Airships to the Arctic IV Conference October 2007 at Winnipeg, Manitoba



Demonstration July 2007

ISO Polar Airship Firsts:

- cargo delivery to a remote community
- measurement of airship GHG emissions
- test for mineral exploration
- longest flight of a Canadian-built airship

Competition: An X-prize For Transport Airships

Proposed Winning Criteria

Minimum payload Time to load and unload payload Round trip range Weather conditions Greenhouse gas emissions Average speed

50 tonnes
1 hour or less
1,000 kilometers
-40C operations
zero emissions
100 kilometers per hour



Concluding Remarks

- The transportation challenges of the North require a technological breakthrough
- The limits of existing approaches are well known
- New generation airships deserve a hard look
- No technological barriers remain
- The most important barrier is the lack of business confidence
- Everyone wants to be the "second one in", but no one is calculating the cost of delay



Concluding Thought

In the case of the airship, the vehicle is the infrastructure

